

NEW PRESIDENT FOR N. M. U.

The Rev. David Ross Boyd of New York Will Succeed Dr. Gray

GATES CONVICTED OF MURDER

Governor Appoints Delegates to Negro National Educational Convention.

The board of regents of the New Mexico University at Albuquerque, on Saturday elected Rev. David Ross Boyd, D. D., of New York, president to succeed next year Rev. E. McQueen Gray, D. D.

District Court.
Judge E. C. Abbott was called to Las Cruces yesterday and will sit on the bench there in place of Judge E. R. Medler. Court here was adjourned until next Thursday at 10 o'clock. Eleuterio Archuleta and Candelaria M. de Sanchez was committed to the state asylum for the insane at Las Vegas last Saturday. Both are residents of Rio Arriba county.

Appointment of Delegates.
The following appointments of delegates to the Negro National Educational Congress at St. Paul which will begin its sessions July 15, was announced by Governor W. C. McDonald this morning: Rev. J. B. Davis, Raton; C. A. Woodard, Raton; W. H. Kerr, Santa Fe; L. A. Anderson, Santa Fe; C. J. Parsons, Santa Fe; H. J. Wilson, Santa Fe; T. O. Mason, Albuquerque; A. B. Montgomery, Albuquerque; Oscar Hudson, Las Vegas; George Smith, Las Vegas; Montgomery Bell, Las Vegas; William Vaughn, Santa Fe.

School of Mines.
At the annual meeting of the board of regents, the following were re-elected on the faculty of the New Mexico School of Mines at Socorro: E. A. Drake, president; George I. Kemmerer, Ph. D., professor of chemistry; B. K. Coghan, professor of civil engineering; T. C. McKay, Ph. D., professor of mathematics; G. E. Anderson, professor of geology and mineralogy; J. F. Graham, professor of mining and metallurgy; C. C. Smith, principal; Anne W. Fitch, registrar.

Gates Convicted.
It took a Socorro jury only fifteen minutes to decide that John W. Gates whose real name is Ivory Fraser, was guilty of the murder of Deputy Sheriff Tom Hall and Will Smith. Gates was a member of the Greer gang who engaged in the fatal fight at Adobe Ranches last November. He was born near San Antonio, Texas, and is 27 years old. Although sentence has not been passed it is expected, since the verdict was first degree murder, that Gates will hang for the crime.

Federal Court.
The federal court met this morning at the federal building with Judge William H. Pope on the bench and Harry Lee, clerk, in attendance. Milford R. Nicholson of Portillo, Guadalupe county was appointed a United States commissioner. Andrea Herrera was arraigned on three indictments, using stamps to pay debts, embezzlement and making false returns. He pleaded not guilty. Herrera is post master at Guile, Santa Fe county. Harold Reed was arraigned for destroying letters and embezzling contents. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$300 and to imprisonment for nine months. The imprisonment part of the sentence was suspended on good behavior. Reed lives in Clayton.

Indian Test Case.
An interesting test case effecting the Pueblo Indians' right of suffrage was filed with the clerk of the federal court by Francis Wilson, attorney for the Indians, this afternoon. The sheriff of McKinley county, R. L. Roberts of Fort Wingate is made the defendant in the case in which it is alleged that Gregory Page of Gallup, acting as a deputy sheriff refused the ballot of Charles Kie, a Laguna Indian, in the recent city election in Gallup. Charles Kie is said to be a man of over average intelligence, is a car inspector for the A. T. and S. F. R. R. and a property owner in the city of Gallup.

LETTER FROM CONGRESSMAN BARTHOLOTT.
Washington, D. C., March 30, 1912.
Prof. E. McQueen Gray,
Albuquerque, N. M.
My Dear Sir—I have your favor of the 23rd inst. before me, together with University Bulletin No. 62, relative to the use of the panish language I heartily approve the course you outline, as the knowledge of Spanish is of growing importance to all the people of the United States. The fact is, we are a one-tongued nation which will evidently in the future prove a great impediment in the development in our foreign commerce. Either we must keep step with the efforts of other nations in mastering more than one language or we must necessarily fall behind in the great commercial race of the future. I sincerely hope that the policy you recommend will be adopted.

Yours very truly,
RICHARD BARTHOLOTT.

WILSON ON FREE SUGAR

Adoption of Measure Means Abrogation of Cuban Reciprocity Treaty

\$350,000 TO FIGHT FLOOD

Bill Introduced for Reviving the Grades of Admiral and Vice Admiral.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican)

Senate.
In session 2 p. m.
Assistant Secretary Wilson of the state department told finance committee free sugar bill would mean abrogation of reciprocity agreement with Cuba for 20 per cent preferential.

House.
Met at noon.
Continued debate on Indian appropriation bill.
Agricultural committee listened to arguments in favor of bureau of markets to investigate methods of marketing farm products.

Judiciary committee ordered favorably report on the nomination of George L. Townsend to be United States marshal of Delaware.
Bill appropriating \$350,000 for flood fighting amended to make money also apply to operations on Mississippi river tributaries.

Representative Bates introduced a bill to re-establish grades of admiral and vice-admiral in navy.
James A. Conroy, director of the port of Boston, urged Massachusetts delegation to oppose proposal in Panama government bill to divorce railroads from steamship lines.

New Senator Treads On Tradition.
Washington, D. C., April 8.—The fight against the confirmation of the nomination of Richard E. Sloan for Federal Judge for Arizona, resulted today in the Senate Judiciary Committee's deferring action until next Friday when the sub-committee will hear persons interested. Senators Smith and Ashurst of Arizona, will be given opportunity to be heard.
Bringing up the Sloan case in the Senate, Senator Smith precipitated a vigorous debate on the traditional rights of executive sessions. He announced that he flatly refused to present in an executive session the Arizona legislature's resolutions of protest against Sloan's confirmation and moved that the Arizona resolutions be printed in the Congressional Record.

STEAMER SAVED BY WIRELESS

Ontario With Fifteen Passengers and Crew of Forty in Flames

RUN ON MONTAUK POINT REEF

Life Boats and Tugs Rush to Scene to Rescue Lives on Board Ship.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican)
Ditch Plain Life Saving Station 1st and N. Y., April 8.—The steamer Ontario, 2,000 tons burden, Baltimore to Boston, with fifteen passengers and a crew of forty, was on the rocks off Montauk Point by her captain early today when fire was discovered in her hold. The passengers were transferred in life boats to the tug Tasco, from New London, Conn., which rushed to the scene in response to the Ontario's S. O. S. wireless signals and after six hours work the fire was brought under control.

The vessel is hard aground with a light sea running and but little wind, and there is little danger, apparently of her going to pieces.
Life savers hovered near the vessel in their boats all morning ready to take off the crew, but Captain Bond, when the fire was under control, said there would be no need for their services.
Two crews of life savers in their boats, and three revenue cutters, are standing alongside. A breeches buoy was shot to the vessel from the shore when she first went on the rocks at 3 o'clock this morning, but the captain, after transferring the passengers to a tug, sent word by life savers that his

(Continued on Page Four.)

PATENT TRUST DECISION UP

Government Asks to Be Made Party to Application For Rehearing

SIOUX CITY LOSES RATE CASE

United States Must Pay for Gun Attachment Cribbed From Frenchman.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican)

Washington, D. C., April 8.—Re-argument of the so-called "Inter-Mountain" cases was today ordered by the Supreme Court of the United States. Chief Justice White gave no reason for the re-argument, merely saying they would be restored for argument before a full bench.

"Long and Short Haul."
Washington, D. C., April 8.—The re-argument will permit Justice Pitney to participate in the decision of the cases. All the other justices heard the cases when they were argued in February.

The cases involve the constitutionality of the "long and short haul" provisions of the interstate commerce law and the power of the interstate commerce commission to make "blanket" rates over a large zone of territory instead of local rates.
Government Takes Hand.
Washington, D. C., April 8.—On March 11, the court decided that in selling a patented machine, the patentee may require the purchaser to use only such supplies for the machine as are passed from the owner of the patent, notwithstanding that the supplies are not patentable. The government joined in the application for a re-hearing and asked to be made a party to the case. The rules of the court provide that re-hearing will not be granted unless a justice who concurred in the judgment desires it. No ground was announced for the court's action.

SIOUX CITY LOSES RATE CASE.
Washington, D. C., April 8.—The interstate commerce commission today declined to disturb the existing through freight rates on grain in the Middle West. The petition of the Sioux City Terminal Elevator Company against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway and other rail carriers, was rejected, except as to certain local rates. The commission held that as to the great bulk of its grain tonnage Sioux City shored under no substantial disadvantage.

The existing coal rates on grain from the states of South Dakota, Nebraska, Minnesota and Iowa to Sioux City were held to be unreasonable and the railroads were given time in which to readjust them.

Uncle Sam Held Liable.
Washington, D. C., April 8.—For the use of the patented "De Bange gas check," on its great guns in the army and navy, the United States government was today held liable by the supreme court of the United States to pay \$136,000 to the owner of the French invention. It is said such a device is indispensable in breech loading guns hermetically to seal the breach at the instant of explosion so as to cut off the escape of gases to the rear.

"Bath Tub Trust."
Washington, D. C., April 8.—The so-called "bath tub trust" case from the United States circuit court of Maryland was today advanced for hearing October 5, before the supreme court of the United States. The cases involve an alleged conflict between patent law and the Sherman anti-trust law.

ARIZONA TO DISPOSE OF 2,500,000 ACRES.
Will Be Sold to Settlers in 160-Acre Tracts if the Bill is Passed.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican)
Phoenix, Ariz., April 8.—The new state of Arizona owns 2,500,000 acres of school land and the manner of its disposal will, it is expected, be determined by the legislature this week. A bill now before the legislature provides for the appraisement of the land and its sale on easy terms in 160 acre tracts. There is strong sentiment against actual sale, some of the legislators being in favor of only leasing the land to settlers.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican)
LAS VEGAS WILL LAND PRIZE FIGHT.
Juarez Only Other City Considered But Hardly Seems in the Running.

El Paso, Texas, April 8.—The El Paso Herald says today that Flynn-Johnson prize fight will be held either in Las Vegas, New Mexico, or Juarez, Mexico. Promoter Jack Curley has been here several days, but has returned to Las Vegas.
It is learned positively, says the Herald, that Las Vegas is first choice, and if balked there, the promoter will hold the fight in a bull ring in Juarez, having already received tentative permission for the fight.

BRIBERY COMMITTEE SPLITS EVEN ON ITS REPORTS

Speaker Sustained by Overwhelming Majority on Significant Appeal from His Ruling.—Senate Rejects Appointment of Veeder and Confirms Others.

After a turbulent session of the House the resolution suspending the four accused members was rescinded and the four take their seats until their case is finally passed upon.

By a vote of 8 to 7, the House Bribery Investigation Committee, in secret session this forenoon, found adverse to the four defendants under suspension, J. P. Lucero, Julian Trujillo, Manuel Cordova and Luis R. Montoya, the vote standing, Guilty: Christianman, Downs, Gage, Padilla, Rogers, Smith, Toombs, Tully, Not guilty, Chaves, Garcia, Lewellyn, Mullens, Nichols, Vargas and De Baca. Zacarias Padilla later withdrew his name, leaving the decision 7 to 7.

This was to be a busy and important day for the legislature. The bribery investigation committee was to formulate its report and report to the House. Action was expected on Governor McDonald's first nomination. There were to be developments in the Senatorial and other matters. The majority has about come to the conclusion to give New Mexico local option and strict regulation as well as strict regulation of the Red Light districts. But it will mean a fight by the non-partisan minority that advocates state-wide prohibition and the passage of the Red Light injunction law. It was a stormy meeting of the House Bribery Investigation Committee that was held this forenoon behind closed doors. After considerable discussion, arguments and speaking, the committee by a vote of eight to seven, recommended that the accused be unseated. The vote was not along party lines. The committee took a recess until 2:30 p. m.

The Senate met this forenoon at 11 a. m. There was prayer by Chaplain McColough, roll call and reading of the journal. Holt presented a memorial from a mass meeting of citizens of Dona Ana county asking for the completion of Camino del Real, a bond issue for good roads, a highway commission and other things recommended in the Good Roads Association resolutions adopted last week. Referred to the Committee on Roads and Highways.

Lieutenant Governor E. C. de Baca presented a communication from William H. Andrews on the Senatorial situation. It recommended a Senatorial preference primary. On motion of Barth, it was referred to the committee on privileges and elections amid applause.

McCoys presented a petition from the citizens of Luna county, asking for the passage of the Red Light Injunction measure. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary on motion of Holt.

Senate Bill No. 62 was introduced by Pankey. It makes provision for traveling school libraries and a professional librarian to have charge of them. Referred to Committee on Judiciary. A recess was taken to 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The following other bills were introduced:
Senate Bill No. 63 by Barth, an act providing for an advisory primary on the senatorships, including the term 1913 to 1919. Referred to Committee on Judiciary over protest of Barth.

Senate Bill No. 64 by Evans, an act to prohibit prize fighting. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

House Bill No. 65 by Holt, an act making provisions to determine the boundary between Texas and New Mexico.

Senate Bill No. 66, by Hinkle, an act to regulate the use of artesian wells and storage reservoirs to prevent waste of waters. Referred to Committee on Water Rights.

Barth asked unanimous consent to have letter of William H. Andrews referred to Committee on Judiciary instead of Committee on Privileges and Elections. So ordered.

The Judiciary Committee reported Senate Bill No. 26, to pay court officials in the seventh district, with amendments.
Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 17, prohibiting the use of common drinking cups, introduced by Pankey was passed.
Calvin B. Brown of the Panama-Pacific exposition of San Francisco being in town, Holt asked that the resolution passed authorizing the governor to appoint a commission of five to visit San Diego to pick out a site for a New Mexico building, be recalled, so that it may be changed to include a visit to San Francisco. Barth objected because the Governor had already signed the resolution. He was informed that it was the informal request of Governor McDonald that the resolution be recalled and amended.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 4, inviting Calvin S. Brown, commissioner of the Panama and Pacific exposition at San Francisco to address a

\$250,000 LOOT IS RETURNED

Summary Order of General Salazar Frightens Thieves

MERCHANTS INSURED LOSS

First Train to Leave Town Carries Hundred American Refugees.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican)

Parral, Mex., April 8.—An order by General Salazar that any person in whose house loot was found would be executed summarily, resulted today in the return to the city hall of property valued at \$250,000. Wagons loaded with plunder which the looters feared to retain, block the street in front of the general's headquarters. In shoes alone, \$50,000 in merchandise was returned.

Most of the merchants are insured in Lloyd's against loss by looting, and there was no particular haste in reclaiming goods. In many instances, as in the matter of the shoes, the merchants claimed to be unable to identify their property.

The first train to leave here will carry 100 Americans who have been marooned here. They will be taken to the United States.
Last night, they gave a banquet to General Salazar at which the friendly international sentiments were voiced.

Rebels Did Not Kill American.
Washington, D. C., April 8.—Rebels from Chihuahua are reported, in State Department advices today, as having crossed the line into Sonora and captured a hacienda about ninety miles southwest of Nogales, Arizona. In the states of Puebla and Morelos, the rebel movement is reported to be increasing. Inde, in central Durango, has fallen into rebel hands but foreigners' rights are being respected. The telegraph lines to the place have been interrupted for two months. W. H. Waite, American manager of the Esmeraldas plantation at Ochotal, Veracruz, who was killed last week, was not murdered by bandits, but by a laborer who had a grudge against him. This finding is the result of an investigation ordered by the State Department.

Rebel Ammunition Seized.
El Paso, Texas, April 8.—Racing with a train for supplies destined for Mexican insurgents, an automobile in mud and rain beat the train today. The prize was 35,000 rounds of ammunition which left here for Tornillo, Texas, forty miles east of El Paso on the Southern Pacific.
The fact that the ammunition was aboard the train and destined for Guadalupe, Mexico, opposite Tornillo, was discovered after the train left El Paso. There was neither telegraph station nor telephone station by which the ammunition could be headed off at Tornillo.

United States secret service men jumped into an automobile and after a wild thirty-two mile ride, caught the train as it stood at the station at Fabens. When the ammunition was unloaded at Tornillo, the officers piled out of the automobile, and seized it.

BRITISH MINES ARE OPENED

Debris Has Been Cleared From Shafts and Resumption is General

WORKERS OBSERVED EASTER

In Fifeshire Strikers Will Remain Out Until Funds Are Exhausted.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican)
London, April 8.—General activity prevails in the coal mining districts of Great Britain today. In Scotland and North Wales, there was a large increase in the number of miners who descended the shafts, while in the English and Southern Welsh coal fields, where the Easter holiday is being observed, small gangs of men went down the pits to clear the roadways and prepare for a general resumption tomorrow.

The full contingent of men is working in North Wales, and as the debris in most of the mines was cleared away last week, thousands of tons of coal were raised this morning. In Flintshire, 6,000 miners have resumed work and in the Derbyshire pits the men are preparing for coal-getting tomorrow. In Fifeshire, Scotland, the men have decided not to return until the funds in the treasury of the union which amount to \$150,000 have been exhausted, and as the authorities fear trouble between the strikers and the non-unionists who have returned to work, a large force of police has been drafted. In southern Wales, the prospects are not bright as the engineers, firemen and other surface men have pledged themselves not to return to work until their demands also have been conceded.

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FLOOD WATERS ARE SUBSIDING

Conditions Still Critical at Many Points on Mississippi

DRYS WIN AT NEW MADRID

Many Pathetic Incidents Coming to Light During the Rescue Work.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican)

Memphis, Tenn., April 8.—Flood conditions in the Mississippi valley showed some improvement this morning, when a sunny day gave further encouragement to those conducting the work of rescue among the hundreds driven from their homes by high water. All levees in the flood-menaced district were holding strong and at this point the river had subsided seven-tenths of a foot.

Narrow Escape of Workers.
With the upper district levees holding, however, the strain on the dikes in the Yazoo section, increased, and the men worked all night on the embankments south of Memphis to bolster weak spots. The danger at several points along the Arkansas shore has not passed.

Two hundred levee workers narrowly escaped being swept away when the embankment caved in at milepost 24, sixteen miles south of Helena, Ark., yesterday. The town of Modoc, near the break, is 20 feet under water today.

Work of Rescue.
The steamer Kate Adams was near Modoc when the levee broke and rescued those imperiled. A hundred or more panic-stricken negroes were taken from a government barge. Later motor launches went into the floods and rescued a number of farm hands from the roofs of their cabins, the trees and the peaks of knolls which were above the water. The work of caring for the refugees from the lowlands is fast being systematized.

Tents and supplies have been received at the more important centers and arrangements have been made for the establishment of central relief headquarters at Helena.
Captain W. P. Baker, Fourth infantry, U. S. A., stationed at Fort Logan H. Root, will be in charge of the Red-foot Lake region with headquarters at Tiptonville, Tenn.

Relief Train for Refugees.
A relief train sent out from Forrest City, Ark., yesterday, to rescue farmers in the overflowed sections of St. Francis and Crittenden counties, returned last night with 100 refugees aboard. The train could not proceed further than the town of Heib, twenty miles east of this city. Beyond that point where many persons are believed to be marooned, only boats can be of service.

Drys Win at New Madrid.
New Madrid, Mo., overwelled to a depth of several feet, is nevertheless "dry." At least the "drys" won in a local option election Saturday. Voters came to the polls in shifts, in motor launches and on rafts, and when the rubber-booted election clerks completed their count, it was shown that the "wets" were beaten by 300 votes. Belated returns from the election were received here today.

Hundreds Saved By Steamer.
The steamer Kate Adams, which was near Modoc when the crevasse occurred, near there, probably saved hundreds of lives by taking refugees from rafts and house tops. In the midst of the rescue work, the steamer put out a skiff to a woman who sat on the roof of her floating house. She sent word back to the captain that she would not leave unless he would consent to take her dead baby aboard the steamer.

Baby's Corpse on Soap Box.
Accordingly, a soap box was sent to the floating house. The woman brought on the babe's corpse, placed it in the box and was rowed to the steamer. The little boy was brought to Memphis and buried here today.

Negro Refused to Leave Raft.
One of the Lee line steamers from the Arkansas country which reached here today, told of a desperate fight with a negro who refused to leave a raft on which he floated unless he was allowed to bring his mule.

As a last resort, the captain of the boat tied the raft bearing the mule behind the steamer and towed raft, mule, negro and all into Memphis.

Water Ten Feet Above Cairo.
Cairo, Ill., April 8.—The Ohio river is stationary at 54 feet at Cairo, and residents, although the city is entirely surrounded by water at ten feet higher than the general level of the city, are much encouraged. They believe they are out of danger unless something unforeseen happens.

Refugees from other flooded districts were brought here today in a half-starved condition.
The breaking of the telephone lines has prevented the gathering of much information regarding the flooded districts of Missouri and points north of here.
Rations Will Not Last.
Major J. E. Normoyle, quartermaster at St. Louis, who is investigating the situation at New Madrid, Mo., reported by telephone that conditions are acute and that rations now on hand will not last more than four days.
Still Above Danger Line.
St. Louis, Mo., April 8.—The Mis-

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